B.4 Fund File for Non-General Funds

Many agencies have revenue from sources other than the General Fund in the budget request - special, federal, reimbursable, and non-budgeted funds. In BARS, the fund source detail is specified on the "Revenue Tab" in each adjustment, and thus may interchangeably be referred to as "Revenue Data." All agencies must provide fund source detail in BARS that reconciles with the budget submission (Expenditure data) fund type splits at the program level.

For the FY 2025 Budget Submission, all agencies are required to complete the "Fund Balance" Tab in the Budget Request Submission (BRS) module to submit income and balance data for all Special and Federal fund sources. The FY 2025 budget request cannot be submitted in BARS without this information.

BARS requires that fund source detail be provided in every adjustment made, which means that agencies no longer need to submit separate fund source detail in an Excel template. While users will specify fund sources as they work, they will also have the opportunity to create revenue-only adjustments before submission to DBM to adjust the fund source breakdown after viewing the entire budget submission in aggregate.

Non-General Fund Submission Requirements

- 1. Fund Source Detail by Program:
 - Users must specify in each BARS adjustment. There is also an opportunity to realign if necessary before submitting the entire Budget Request Submission using one final adjustment that fixes fund source detail per year.
- Fund Source Income and Balance Data for Special and Federal Funds:
 Provide the prior year fund balance and three years of income (PY actual and CY/BY estimates) for each individual special and federal fund source. This is done in the BRS module prior to submission of the entire budget.

BARS will verify that the expenditure amounts submitted in the fund file are exactly the same as the expenditure amounts reported in the budget files at the program level.

B.4.1 Updating Fund Source Detail by Program in BARS

For FY 2025, BARS currently has fund source detail by program that rolled over with the FY 2024 budget data to create the starting point for FY 2025. To the extent DBM created non-General Fund target adjustments, specific fund sources were indicated by the OBA analyst creating the adjustment. This means that, like the budget detail, the fund detail already has a "baseline" and all actions made to change the budget will be adjustments against that baseline.

To help agencies manage fund sources used in the budget, the following tools will be provided:

- The "Fund Balance" tab in the Budget Request Submission module in BARS, which aggregates fund and revenue detail from all adjustments across all three submission years that have been bundled for the submission, and
- Reports and ad-hoc templates that aggregate all the fund detail and will also show if a fund is
 overspent once users provide opening balance and income information for the fund (see #2
 below).

If, when seeing all the fund detail in aggregate, the agency wishes to adjust the level each fund source supports each program, a BARS adjustment can be created that makes NO changes to expenditures and only updates revenues.

B.4.2 Updating Fund Source Income and Balance Data (Special Funds and Federal Funds)

BARS requires agency submitters to enter opening balance data for FY 2023 as well as actual income for FY 2023 and estimated income for FY 2024 and FY 2025 for each individual special and federal fund source. With these four numbers, BARS can generate the balance, income, and expenditure summary information for each fund, which is a mandatory piece of the submission and a requirement from both DBM and DLS. Agencies must complete this part of the submission for all special funds as well as relevant multi-year federal fund block grants. For federal funds, agencies should report the balance as the remainder/carryover of spending authority on a multi-year grant, as federal funds do not technically have a "balance."

This information is entered in the "Budget Request Submission" module where agencies can review the budget request in aggregate before submission to DBM. Please see the BRS guide for step-by-step instructions on how to use the Budget Request Submission module and populate your agency's fund source income and balance data. Contact your OBA analyst if you have any additional questions about how to enter this data.

| | | Λ. | В | | | C | | | D | | |
|----|---|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| un | d Revenue | A | D ₅ | | | | | | | | |
| Ī | Fund Source | FY 2019 Starting Balance | FY 2019 Revenue | FY 2019 Expenditures | FY 2020 Starting Balance | FY 2020 Revenue | FY 2020 Expenditures | FY 2021 Starting Balance | FY 2021 Revenue | FY 2021 Expenditures | FY 2021 Closing Salance |
| | | | | | | 0.00 | | | | | |
| 44 | 93 600. Head Start | 50 | \$135,969 | 3135,969 | 50 | \$126,012 | 8126,013 | 50 | \$126.001 | \$126,001 | 9 |
| 45 | 93.935: Cooperative Agreements to Supp | 50 | 303,055 | 30 | \$83.055 | \$63,571 | \$83,571 | 583.058 | \$83,313 | 583,329 | 583.04 |
| 46 | 96 001 Social Security-Disability Insuran- | 50 | 538,024,240 | 538,024,240 | 50 | \$45,100,114 | \$45,100,114 | 30 | \$44,940,558 | \$44,940,558 | 3 |
| 47 | 96 006: Supplemental Security Income | 50 | \$5,647,931 | 55,647,031 | 50 | \$8,128,813 | 56,126,513 | 50 | 58,075,774 | \$6,075,774 | 3 |
| 48 | AA R00 Federal Indirect Costs | 50 | 32,122,423 | 52,122,423 | 50 | \$1,817,650 | \$1,017,650 | 50 | 52,019,310 | \$2,019,310 | 3/ |
| 49 | AS ROD National Association of Education | 50 | 199,213 | 599.213 | 50 | \$163,370 | \$163,370 | 50 | \$163,378 | \$163,378 | 30 |
| 50 | R00300 Special Indirect Costs | \$0 | \$595,000 | 5595,000 | 50 | \$39,362 | \$39,362 | 50 | 539,364 | 539,364 | 50 |
| 51 | R00301: Third Party Recoveries-Vocation | 50 | \$62,167 | \$62,166 | 51 | \$129,757 | \$122,572 | \$7,186 | \$122,575 | \$122,573 | \$7,180 |
| 52 | R00305 Fees | 50 | \$203.399 | 3109,211 | \$14,000 | \$344,104 | 140.050 | 535.242 | \$354,844 | 5342,014 | 526,960 |
| 53 | R00309 Blind Vendors August | 50 | 52.811.701 | 52.811 | 50 | 54,014,335 | 54,014,338 | 50 | \$4,036,002 | \$4,038,802 | 7 3/ |
| 54 | R00312: Maryland Public Secondary 50% | 10 | \$353,207 | \$353.207 | 50 | \$400,664 | 5-00,664 | 50 | 5419.534 | 5419.534 | 5/ |
| 55 | R00326 Blue Ribbon Schools | 10 | \$34,640 | 523,115 | 411,725 | \$40,378 | \$40,378 | \$11,725 | 540,807 | 5/0,807 | 311,721 |
| 56 | R00332 National Board for Professional | 50 | \$255,603 | \$216,717 | 538,604 | 3261,115 | \$300,000 | . 51 | \$300,000 | 5300,000 | 5 |
| 57 | R00347 Public Education Partnership Fu | 50 | 3427,214 | \$427,255 | 58 | \$1,246,919 | \$1,246,919 | /10 | 31,325,944 | \$1,328,944 | |
| 55 | R00355 Teacher of the Year | \$0 | 5284,954 | £204.954 | 50 | \$291,566 | 3291,568 | 50 | 3294,663 | 5294,883 | 51 |
| 59 | R00356: Web Based Learning | 50 | \$88,756 | \$73,606 | \$15,077 | \$220,677 | 1226.111 | 215,070 | \$140,000 | 5117,048 | \$15,07 |
| 60 | R00364 Medical Assistance Administration | 50 | \$1,207,070 | \$1,135,630 | \$71,211 | These | olumns | are auto | -popula | ted III | \$100,36 |
| 61 | R00365 Public Boarding School - SEED | 50 | 55,091,040 | \$5,091,540 | 31 | | | | 79,235,514 | 11,215,514 | 1/ |
| 62 | R00366 Licensing Fees | 50 | \$1,538,050 | \$1,474,547 | \$63.5(1) | by your | r selecte | d adjust | ments | 11.145,866 | \$166.21 |
| 63 | SWF305 Cigarette Restitution Fund | 50 | \$12,572,076 | \$12,672,678 | \$0 | \$12,065,005 | \$12,003,005 | 50 | 210,200,300 | 210,200,366 | |
| 64 | SWF318 Maryland Education Trust Fund | 50 | \$855,003,155 | \$555,003,155 | 50 | \$403,795,337 | \$415,815,972 | (\$12,020,635) | \$291,906,726 | \$291,906,726 | (\$12,020,635 |
| 44 | Ad. Male to the College and Toronto & Conserved | \$17,391,915 | \$1,719,271,863 | \$1,719,059,090 | \$17,610,680 | \$2,037,189,515 | \$2,045,295,260 | \$9,505,129 | \$2,012,526,661 | \$2,037,733,006 | (\$15,699,216 |

- Before final submission to DBM, agencies should review whether there are negative ending fund balances in any fiscal year – if there are, please contact your OBA analyst ahead of the submission to explain why.
- Special Fund beginning balances entered in BARS must match the figures in FMIS DBM will compare the values against a report provided by GAD.
- Agencies should keep in mind rules that govern various special funds when budgeting funds in FY 2025 and when reporting income and balances. Some special funds cannot carry a balance, and any

remaining unspent revenue is reverted to the General Fund, while other special funds have percentage limits of what amount of revenue can be kept as fund balance for use in the next fiscal year.

B.4.3 Special Funds

For special funds unique to a specific agency, use the first three characters of the R*STARS Financial Agency Code followed by a unique 3-digit code that will be in the range of 301-450. Agencies must submit a list of any new or revised fund source codes and titles to the OBA Technical Data and Systems Team (TDS) with a copy to the OBA analyst. Codes should be *clearly* and *separately* labeled as "NEW" and/or "REVISED." TDS email: dlbudgethelp_dbm@maryland.gov.

Statewide special funds are not unique to any agency and use the following codes. Agencies planning to include statewide funds in their FY 2025 Budget Request *must* confirm funding availability with their DBM budget analyst.

| Code | Statewide Fund Name |
|--------|---|
| swf302 | Major Information Technology Development |
| | Project Fund (do not include any new, requested |
| | projects; only ongoing projects use this code) |
| swf305 | Cigarette Restitution Fund |
| swf307 | Dedicated Purpose Fund |
| swf309 | Chesapeake Bay Restoration Fund |
| swf310 | Rate Stabilization Fund |
| swf313 | Higher Education Investment Fund |
| swf314 | State Police Helicopter Replacement Fund |
| swf315 | Chesapeake Bay 2010 Trust Fund |
| swf316 | Strategic Energy Investment Fund – RGGI |
| swf317 | Maryland Emergency Medical System Operations |
| | Fund |
| swf318 | Maryland Education Trust Fund |
| swf319 | Universal Service Trust Fund |
| swf320 | Speed Monitoring Systems Fund |
| swf321 | Video Lottery Terminal Proceeds |
| swf322 | Housing Counseling and Foreclosure Mediation |
| | Fund |
| swf323 | Fair Campaign Finance Fund |
| swf324 | Mortgage Loan Servicing Practices Settlement |
| | Fund |
| swf326 | Public Utility Customer Investment Fund |
| swf327 | Contingent Fund |
| swf329 | Strategic Energy Investment Fund - Animal Waste |
| | Compliance Payment |
| swf330 | Strategic Energy Investment Fund - Other |
| swf331 | The Blueprint for Maryland's Future Fund |
| swf332 | Strategic Energy Investment Fund - RPS ACP |
| swf333 | Dedicated Purpose Account - Covid 19 |
| swf334 | Rainy Day Fund – COVID-19 |

| swf335 | Marketplace Facilitator Revenue |
|--------|---|
| swf336 | Recovery Now Fund |
| swf337 | Sports Betting Application Fees |
| swf338 | Strategic Energy Investment Fund - CEJA ACP |
| swf339 | Access to Counsel in Evictions Fund |
| swf340 | Fiscal Responsibility Fund |

B.4.4 Federal Funds

Agencies should use the six-character Catalog of Federal Domestic Assistance (CFDA) number, which is five digits plus a decimal point. *Please report any new CFDA numbers and Fund Names to the OBA Technical Data and Systems Team (TDS) and the OBA budget analyst.* For Federal Funds that do not have a CFDA number, use a code in the format aa.rst where "rst" is the R*STARS Financial Agency Code (e.g., Q00).

Examples: 97.072 National Explosives Detection Canine Team Program

17.503 Occupational Safety and Health-State Program

20.233 Border Enforcement Grants

93.778 Medical Assistance Program

B.4.5 COVID-19 Data - Federal Funds

For federal funding associated with the COVID-19 Coronavirus Aid, Relief and Economic Security (CARES) Act, the Families First Coronavirus Response Act, the Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSAA), and the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA), agencies should use legislation-specific coding to indicate each of these initiatives as federal funds in agency budgets. Additional guidance is provided in Section B.5.

B.4.6 Reimbursable Funds

Agencies should typically use the six-character R*STARS appropriation code for the agency that is the <u>source</u> of funds. For reimbursable activity where funding is from many agencies, for example "print shops," the fund code will be the first three characters of the agency R*STARS Financial Agency Code, followed by a unique three-digit code in the range of 901-999.

Agencies must verify that any requested Reimbursable Fund amounts are in the budgets of agencies providing the funds. When submitting budget requests, include copies of the appropriate signed reciprocity agreements.

For new reimbursable fund agreements, agencies must notify DBM of any reimbursable fund agreements where the source funds originate as general funds. In order for reimbursable fund amendments to occur for FY 2024, supporting budgetary language must be authorized via legislation and primarily via the Budget Bill. <u>DLS will not approve reimbursable fund amendments with general funds as the source funds after the end of the legislative session.</u>

B.4.7 Non-Budgeted Funds

Each agency using non-budgeted funds must include a separate program statement providing a description of any current and proposed activity to be financed with non-budgeted funds. All funds received from special and federal sources must be reported in the agency's operating budget request and reflected in programs summarizing the various sources.

B.4.8 Additional Notes for All Agencies

NOTE: Institutions of Higher Education must provide an income listing in two forms:

- <u>Form 1:</u> Summary of Current Unrestricted and Restricted Funds equal to amounts expended, appropriated, or requested, in accordance with the *Financial Accounting and Reporting Manual* of the National Association of College and University Business Officers (NACUBO).
- Form 2: Revenue Analysis listing tuition, fees, and revenues generated by fiscal year. Total revenue reported usually exceeds a given year's expenditures with differences reported as fund balance.
- In the ongoing attempt to decrease the number of budget amendments, agencies relying on special fund and federal fund revenue should carefully evaluate revenue and expenditure expectations before submission of the budget request. A careful evaluation of cash flow needs will enable each agency to provide reasonable estimates of special and federal fund revenue.