

MDH - Medical Care Programs Administration

MISSION

The mission of the Medical Care Programs Administration is to improve the health and well-being of low-income Marylanders by assuring access to medically necessary and appropriate health care services.

VISION

The Medical Care Programs Administration will provide leadership to promote equal access and high quality health care services for all Marylanders.

KEY GOALS, OBJECTIVES, AND PERFORMANCE MEASURES

Goal 1. Improve the health of Maryland's children.

- Obj. 1.1** By calendar year (CY) 2019, 82 percent of HealthChoice children will receive necessary immunizations at age two.
- Obj. 1.2** By CY 2019, the percentage of HealthChoice children aged 12 through 23 months who received a lead test during the year will reach 63 percent.
- Obj. 1.3** By CY 2019, the percentage of HealthChoice children aged 12 through 23 months in Baltimore City who received a lead test during the year will reach 67 percent.
- Obj. 1.4** By CY 2021, the percentage of children receiving six or more well-child visits in the first 15 months of life will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 1.5** By CY 2021, the percentage of children who received at least one well-child visit in the third, fourth, fifth, and sixth years of life will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 1.6** By CY 2021, the percentage of adolescents aged 12 to 21 receiving at least one well-care visit will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 1.7** By CY 2021, the percentage of eligibles aged 1 to 20 who received preventive dental services will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 1.8** By CY 2021, the percentage of adolescents up to date on the HPV vaccine by their 13th birthday will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 1.9** By CY 2021, the percentage of children and adolescents aged 1 to 17 who were on two or more concurrent antipsychotic medications will decrease by 0.1 percent.

Performance Measures (Calendar Year)	2018 Act.	2019 Act.	2020 Act.	2021 Act.	2022 Act.	2023 Est.	2024 Est.
Percent of HealthChoice children age two in sample who had received necessary immunizations	80%	79%	73%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Percent of HealthChoice children age two in sample who had received necessary childhood immunizations (combination 3)	N/A	N/A	N/A	68%	69%	69%	69%
Percent of HealthChoice children aged 12-23 months receiving a lead test	62%	62%	59%	59%	59%	61%	61%
Percent of HealthChoice children aged 12-23 months in Baltimore City receiving a lead test	62%	60%	54%	58%	59%	60%	60%
Percent of children receiving six or more well-child visits in the first 15-30 months of life	62%	71%	61%	55%	55%	58%	58%
Percent of children 3-11 years of age who had at least one comprehensive well-care visit	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	62%	62%
Percentage of adolescents aged 12 to 17 receiving at least one well-care visit.	62%	N/A	N/A	N/A	48%	54%	54%
Percentage of adolescents aged 18 to 21 receiving at least one well-care visit.	62%	N/A	N/A	N/A	48%	36%	36%

M00Q

<https://mmcp.health.maryland.gov/>

MDH - Medical Care Programs Administration

Performance Measures (Calendar Year) (Continued)	2018 Act.	2019 Act.	2020 Act.	2021 Act.	2022 Act.	2023 Est.	2024 Est.
Percent of eligibles aged 1 to 20 years who received preventive	54%	55%	43%	50%	51%	51%	52%
Percent of adolescents up to date on HPV vaccine by their 13th birthday	34%	35%	35%	33%	33%	32%	32%
Percent of children and adolescents aged 1–17 years treated with antipsychotic medications that were on two or more concurrent antipsychotic medications	2%	2%	1%	2%	2%	2%	2%

Goal 2. Reduce child poverty by expanding healthcare access.

Obj. 2.1 Increase enrollment of children in Medical Assistance through the implementation of continuous eligibility for children in Medicaid and/or Maryland Children’s Health Program (MCHP) for a full twelve months unless the child ages out, moves out of state, voluntarily withdraws, or does not make premium payments.

Performance Measures (Calendar Year)	2018 Act.	2019 Act.	2020 Act.	2021 Act.	2022 Act.	2023 Est.	2024 Est.
Number of children enrolled in Medicaid MCHP.	N/A	558,811	622,888	679,475	711,490	643,490	609,490

Goal 3. Improve the health of Maryland’s adults.

- Obj. 3.1** By fiscal year 2020, the percentage of elderly and individuals with disabilities receiving state-funded services in community alternatives versus nursing facilities will increase by 2.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 3.2** By CY 2021, the percentage of adults hospitalized for treatment of mental illness receiving a follow-up visit within 7 days of discharge will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 3.3** By CY 2021, the percentage of adults hospitalized for treatment of mental illness receiving a follow-up visit within 30 days of discharge will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 3.4** By CY 2021, the percentage of adults with a new episode of alcohol or other drug dependence who initiated treatment within 14 days will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 3.5** By CY 2021, the percentage of adults with a new episode of alcohol or other drug dependence who initiated treatment and had two or more follow-up visits within 30 days will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 3.6** By CY 2021, the percentage of adults who had a diagnosis of hypertension and whose blood pressure was adequately controlled will increase by 1.0 percentage points.
- Obj. 3.7** By CY 2021, the number of inpatient hospital admission for diabetes short-term complications per 100,000 enrollee months for adults will be 18.
- Obj. 3.8** By CY 2023, the percentage of adults and children 5-65 years of age who were identified as having persistent asthma and had a ratio of controller medications to total asthma medications of 0.50 or greater during the measurement year will increase by 1.0 percentage point.
- Obj. 3.9** By CY23, the percentage of adults 18–75 years of age with diabetes (type 1 and type 2) who had poor control of their Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c (>9.0%)) will decrease by 1.0 percentage point.
- Obj. 3.10** By CY23, the percentage of deliveries in which women had a prenatal care visit in the first trimester, on or before the enrollment start date or within 42 days of enrollment in the organization will increase by 0.2 percentage points.
- Obj. 3.11** By CY23, the percentage of deliveries in which women had a postpartum visit on or between 7 and 84 days after delivery will increase by 0.2 percentage points.
- Obj. 3.12** By CY23, the percentage of members with at least 31 days of prescription opioids in a 62-day period will be reduced by 0.1 percentage points.

MDH - Medical Care Programs Administration

Performance Measures (Calendar Year)	2018 Act.	2019 Act.	2020 Act.	2021 Act.	2022 Act.	2023 Est.	2024 Est.
Percentage of elderly and individuals with disabilities receiving state-funded services in community alternatives versus nursing	57%	58%	60%	64%	65%	64%	68%
Percent of adults hospitalized for treatment of mental illness receiving a follow-up visit within 7 days of discharge	37%	45%	41%	44%	44%	44%	44%
Percent of adults hospitalized for treatment of mental illness receiving a follow-up visit within 30 days of discharge	60%	71%	68%	70%	70%	72%	72%
Percent of adults with a new episode of alcohol or other drug dependence who initiated treatment within 14 days	43%	42%	42%	42%	43%	47%	48%
Percent of adults with a new episode of alcohol or other drug dependence who initiated treatment and had two or more follow-up visits within 34 days	30%	23%	22%	22%	26%	26%	26%
Percent of adults who had a diagnosis of hypertension and whose blood pressure was adequately controlled	60%	62%	55%	59%	60%	60%	60%
Number of inpatient hospital admissions for diabetes short-term complications per 100,000 enrollee for adults	211	218	207	180	174	173	172
The percentage of children and adults with persistent asthma who were dispensed appropriate asthma controller medications.	N/A	65%	69%	69%	70%	70%	70%
The percentage of adults with Type 1 or Type 2 diabetes who had their HbA1c in poor control.	N/A	35%	40%	35%	34%	34%	34%
The percentage of women delivering a live birth who had a timely prenatal care visit.	N/A	88%	87%	81%	88%	88%	88%
The percentage of women delivering a live birth who had a timely postpartum care visit.	N/A	81%	81%	72%	83%	83%	83%
The percentage of members whose new episode of opioid use lasts at least 31 days in a 62-day period.	N/A	4%	4%	3%	3%	3%	3%